



## Middlebury Register.

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E. H. THORP, Editor and Manager.

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JOB PRINTING of every variety at the lowest prices consistent with good work and quality of stock.

FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1891.

**NOTICE.**—Subscribers and others in remitting will please do so by Postal Note, Postal Order, Currency and Draft, using one and two-cent stamps for fractional parts of a dollar, if necessary. We have no use for stamps larger than two cents; checks on distant banks for small amounts are expensive to collect, and we do not want Express Money orders at all.

The executive committee of the State Republican league was called to meet in Burlington last night for the purpose of choosing ten delegates and ten alternates to represent the league in the meeting of the national league at Cincinnati on the 21st inst.

The crop of candidates for governor in '92 continues to grow. A correspondent of the Rutland Herald is red-hot for Lieut.-Gov. Fletcher. Hon. William Chapin of Middlesex and the board of agriculture is also mentioned. The next 14 months will give time for many booms to wax and wane.

There used to be story current that Lawrence Barrett, the actor who died recently, was born up in Caledonia county, this State, and that his name was Brannigan. The published accounts of his life say he was a native of Paterson, N. J., and that the allegation that his real name was Brannigan had been denied.

"Sockless" Jerry Simpson, the Kansas Alliance congressman, the cardinal articles of whose creed before election were death to the corporations, the impoverishment of the rich, etc., occupied six-dollar-a-day apartments at the Windsor Hotel when in New York recently. Neither he nor Powderly, head of the Knights of Labor, believes in suffering personally for the sake of principle.

The death of Dr. Howard Crosby of New York takes away one whom the country could not afford to spare. He was a sincere, fearless and able man. He made himself felt not only in the church but in the State; and while many did not agree with him, especially in his positions on the temperance question, and a few abused him because of his notions about that matter, he had thousands of admirers.

Maine is getting ahead of Vermont in forestry legislation. We have done practically nothing, but Maine has provided for a forestry commissioner whose duty it is to make a collection and classification of statistics relating to the forestry interests and inquire into the extent to which the forests of Maine are being destroyed by fires or wasteful cutting, also the diminution of the wooded surface and its office upon the water powers and condition of climate.

Dr. Shady, the noted New York physician, says that the grip is not contagious and that it will disappear on the arrival of warm April showers. Dr. Gentry, a Chicagoan, came to the conclusion that the microbe of the grip was the same as a form of what astronomers call "star dust." The other night he captured some of it—so he says—and found the dust identical with bodies contained in mucus from a patient afflicted with the grip.

The State board of agriculture decided at a recent meeting in Montpelier to devote an unexpended balance of funds in its hands to advertising the resources of the State. It is the intention to get out a pamphlet containing information as to purchasable farms and to circulate it widely. This may be all right, and then it may not be. It will depend very much upon what sort of advertising is done. The late legislature declared in unmistakable fashion that the State had enough of the kind in which Commissioner Valentine had indulged. That farms are to be had in Vermont at comparatively low prices no one disputes, nor will fault be found if the world is advised of the fact; but if the board follows in the footsteps of the commissioner and endeavors to scatter broadcast the idea that the State is a howling wilderness for the most part, then it will have cause to regret going into the advertising business.

The St. Johnsbury Caledonian is trying to tell why the new ballot law is so admirable, but it doesn't succeed very well. It says it is cheap in execution; that it gives the voter a chance to vote as he desires, thus nullifying the occupation of the "heeler," and that town meetings are made quiet and orderly. No one disputes that the new law is cheap; so was the old. The "heeler" is not a numerous individual in Vermont; voters usually vote as they darn please now, and they will whatever the law is. Disorder at town meetings is not frequent, and a little good-natured uproar hurts nobody.

These are the rates on live stock and farm produce which the listers of Caledonia county agreed upon:

Oxen, 3 cents a pound, an increase of one-half cent over last year; three-year-old steers 2 1/2 cents, last year's rate 2 cents; two-year-old steers \$12, yearlings \$7, both same as last year. Cows are reduced in value \$1 and will be appraised at \$22. The valuation of three-year-old colts is placed at \$70 and two-year-old colts at \$45, a decrease of \$5 in both cases from last year. Yearling colts are rated at \$30, the same as last year. Sheep are appraised at \$4, an increase of 50 cents, while wool remains the same at 22 cents a pound. Hens are 40 cents each, last year's rate, and the value of swine is dropped a half a cent to 3 cents per pound. Hay is \$7 per ton, an increase of 50 cents, while maple sugar is appraised at 5 cents a pound. Bees are \$4 a swarm, same as last year.

The Burlington Free Press calls attention to a recent decision of the supreme court in a Burlington tax case that will be of interest to all listers. It says:

By section 12 of the tax law offsets against the valuation on personal property are permitted to the taxpayer for the amount of debts which he is owing in excess of the amount of government bonds, deposits in savings banks and stocks and bonds which are exempt from taxation under the laws of this State. It is now decided that the person holding stock in a banking institution or trust company outside the State on which he pays no taxes in this State shall be required to deduct the amount of such stock from the amount of his indebtedness for which he claims an offset. It is believed that the statute has not generally been so construed by the listers. It is now in order that listers insist on answers being given to questions 17 to 20 inclusive on the inventory blanks by persons claiming offsets.

Ex-Congressman Butterworth is not so sure as are some other statesmen that the Alliance movement is all show and no substance. He says:

They are not wise who turn up their esthetic noses and laugh at the demonstration the farmers are making. They should remember that in close affiliation with the agriculturists are the army of skilled and unskilled workmen of the country, who are not immediate beneficiaries of a high tariff, and that while the measures proposed by the Alliance and those who assume to speak for it are obviously unripe and not calculated to bring about the reforms desired, nevertheless in the attitude of these powerful forces there appears a deep and abiding protest against a condition of things which must be radically changed or else a social and political upheaval of unimaginable dimensions must follow.

There are those in this State who affect to believe that the Alliance can gain no foothold here. But they should not be too sure. Those who remember the famous Barlow campaign of 1878 up in the old Third Congress district will have some doubts about the wisdom of counting on Vermonters to resist plausible humbugs. Mr. Barlow wanted to go to Congress that year. He found that he could not win at the September election, but by importing a lot of Greenback orators he managed to prevent an election, and when the special election came, in November, he had won enough of the farmers to Greenback ideas to carry the day. The farmers were poor, or thought they were, and proportionately ugly and ready to grasp at any straw.

## WAR IMPROBABLE.

Something of a sensation was caused at Washington on Tuesday when Baron Favre, the Italian minister, notified Secretary Blaine that his government had recalled him. Usually such action on the part of a government means that war is imminent, but in this case it appears to be only Italy's way of expressing impatience at the state of affairs.

The view most generally taken is that the Italians do not understand our system of government and therefore expect more than we can give them. Remarks made by the Italian prime minister in the Chamber of Deputies two days after the New Orleans lynching tend to show that he thought the United States government should punish the lynchers. But, as the New York Sun points out, the government can do nothing of the kind. Says the Sun:

The Italian government cannot expect that the United States will do more for those victims of the mob who were Italian citizens than it is able to do for its own. It is impossible for the United States to coerce the local authorities in Louisiana. Whether justice is done or denied there depends upon the people of New Orleans. If there was ever any hope that the grand jury inquiry would result in an attempt to bring the guilty to justice, the hope has probably been destroyed by the measure adopted by the Italian government yesterday. The fact

is that you cannot punish a whole city, and black as is the stain which the assassination of men acquitted by due process of law of the charges against them leaves upon the American name in the eyes of the world, there is absolutely no way of bringing the offenders to justice if the citizens of New Orleans are satisfied, as they appear to be, with the work of the mob. . . . No citizen of the United States is hostile to Italy or Italians. The Mafia is a scoundrelly institution. A certain imitation of its methods by citizens of New Orleans is condemned by the majority of Americans. But the United States can't punish a New Orleans mob any more than it can punish a New Orleans policeman for priggish a banana from a fruit stand.

## A GOOD SUGGESTION.

The Vermont Watchman suggests that the money received from the general government for the direct tax might well be devoted to the establishment on a solid basis of such an agricultural and mechanical college as the State ought to have. The amount is certainly sufficient, and it could hardly be put to a better use. That the mongrel institution we now have will never fill the bill must be apparent to every one who has watched the course of events during the last six months. If the money were added to the general school fund it would only relieve the tax-payers to a trifling extent; it would not benefit the schools as a whole.

However, there need be no haste about disposing of the money. It will not become moth-eaten if it stays in the State treasury till the next regular session, nor will thieves break in and lug it off. By that time the people will find out what they want to do with it.

## THE EXTRA SESSION.

It is regarded as morally certain by those in position to know that there will be an extra session of the State legislature this spring. There are two reasons for getting it together—to accept the direct tax which Congress voted to return to the States, and to make over to the government a site for the proposed government building at St. Albans.

The State's share of the direct tax is about \$180,000. The interest on this for 18 months can be saved by getting it. The appropriation for the building at St. Albans is \$600,000 and the people thereabouts think it is policy to corral the money when it can be had rather than wait and be at the mercy of a Democratic House. But the erection of the building cannot begin till a site for it is ceded by the legislature to the United States.

It is hinted that St. Albans is more anxious for the extra session than the rest of the State. Be that as it may, it is more than likely we shall have one.

## CURRENT OPINION.

Of President Harrison it is proper to say that confidence in his administration has steadily grown. He is regarded on all hands as a level-headed, conservative, independent man.—Montpelier Watchman.

In Gov. Page's Fast-day proclamation is a recommendation that the aid of the Almighty be invoked "to the end that intemperance and its accompanying evils may be removed from our borders," which, considering the fact that from the 20th of February, '90, to the 20th of February, '91, \$3,387.13 worth of rum was sold at the Hyde Park agency, is decidedly appropriate and timely.—Hardwick Gazette.

## PERSONAL.

Col. Stephen M. Pingree of Hartford is at the Fletcher hospital in Burlington for treatment for a broken ankle.

Mrs. Wild, widow of the late Dr. E. P. Wild of Manchester, became suddenly insane while caring for a sick relative at Waterbury last week, and had to be taken to the Brattleboro asylum.

It is reported at New York that Secretary of War Proctor will resign to take the presidency of a marble company comprising all the leading concerns in this State at a salary of \$20,000 a year for five years.

Mr. Charles F. Wheeler, formerly of Bristol, became postmaster of Burlington April 1. He was assistant postmaster there from 1875 to 1887, when his brother-in-law, Mr. B. J. Derby, had charge of the office.

H. N. Taplin of Montpelier has been elected president of the Vermont Mutual Fire Insurance Co., to succeed Col. Fred E. Smith, resigned. Geo. Briggs of Brandon was made vice-president to succeed Mr. Taplin.

Mr. E. L. Allen, who was a student of the college here for a while, has left the mining company with which he was connected in Virginia and gone to Pittsburgh, Pa., to take a better position. He is a son of the late Dr. Allen of Rutland.

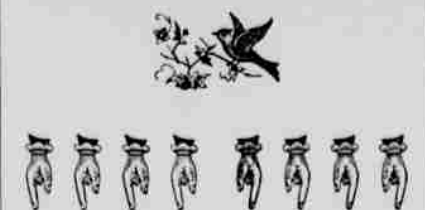


A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Largest U. S. Government Food Report.

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**A Salesman** from one of the largest Cloak houses in New York will be at our Store on THURSDAY, Apr. 9, with a full line of Jackets.

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## E. L. PARKHURST &amp; CO.

We have Opened a New Store in the SMITH & SHEDDON Block, formerly occupied by R. W. Pitts. We shall keep constantly on hand all kinds of

## GROCERIES!

We have taken great pains in selecting our TEAS, .: COFFEES .: AND .: FLOURS, and claim to have the best the market affords. In connection we shall keep

## TOBACCOS AND CIGARS

and a fine line of STATIONERY.

Hoping to receive a fair share of the patronage, we remain, very respectfully yours

**E. L. PARKHURST & CO.**

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**SAVINGS - BANK,**

CHARTERED IN 1847.

Deposits Jan. 1, 1891, - \$2,462,416.98

Surplus - - - - - 185,014.32

Total Assets, - - - \$2,647,431.30

TRUSTEES.

C. F. WARD, WILLARD CRANE, HENRY GREENE, J. L. BARSTOW, HENRY WELLS.

Receives and pays deposits daily. Deposits made on either of the first four business days of any month draw interest from the 1st. If made afterward interest will commence the first of the following month.

Interest will be credited to depositors January 1st and July 1st, compounding twice a year. There are no stockholders in this bank. All the earnings, less expenses, belong to depositors. The rate of interest depends on the earnings and for the past four years has been 4 1/2 PER CENT.

All taxes are paid by the bank on deposits of \$100 or less. Deposits are received in sums from \$1 to \$2000, and no interest will be paid on any sum in excess of this amount, except on deposits by widows, orphans, administrators, executors, guardians, charitable or religious institutions or on trust funds deposited by order of court.

This bank prefers Vermont securities for the investment of its funds and sends no money out of the State until the home demand is met.

No money loaned to any officer or trustee of the bank.

Funds may be sent by bank check or draft or postal money order and deposit book will be returned by next mail.

Applications for loans or for information as to standing of the bank may be made to R. W. Wainwright, Middlebury; J. E. Roberts, Vergennes, or E. C. Dike, Bristol.

CHARLES P. SMITH, President. C. F. WARD, Treasurer.

**Estate of Delana D. Willard.**  
Final Settlement.

**STATE OF VERMONT—District of Addison, ss.**

The Probate Court for the District of Addison.

To all persons interested in the estate of Delana D. Willard, late of Weybridge, in said district, deceased.

GREETING: By the authority of the State of Vermont, you are hereby notified to appear before the said Probate Court, at the Probate office in Middlebury, in said district, on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause, if any you have, why the will of said deceased, to-wit: F. B. Willard and A. D. Willard, administrators of the estate of said deceased, should not be allowed, and also why the assets of said estate should not be distributed to the parties entitled thereto.

Dated at Middlebury, in said district, this 10th day of March, A. D. 1891.

By order of court, 12 Attest, JAMES M. SLADE, Judge.

**Guardian Notice to sell Real Estate.**

**STATE OF VERMONT—District of Addison, ss.**

In Probate Court, held at Middlebury within and for said district, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1891.

Charles M. Wilds, guardian of Albert W. Jones of Shoreham, in said District, makes application to said Court for license to sell the following described real estate of his said ward, to-wit: all his ward's interest in the real estate, of which Lizzie L. Platt, late of Shoreham, deceased, died seized, situated in the towns of Orwell, Shoreham, Bridport, Cornwall, in the county of Addison and in said county of Orleans, representing that the said sale thereof, for the purpose of putting the proceeds of said sale at interest, would be beneficial to said ward and consents to his interest. Whereupon, it is ordered by said Court, that said application be referred to a session thereof, to be held at the Probate office, in said Middlebury, on the 5th day of April, A. D. 1891, for hearing and decision thereon; and it is further ordered, that all persons interested be notified hereof, by publication of notice of said application and order thereon, three weeks successively in the Middlebury Register, published at Middlebury, before said time of hearing, that they may appear at said time and place, and, if they see cause, object thereto.

By the court, 12 Attest, JAMES M. SLADE, Judge.

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**DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT.**

In all the World there is but one cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of the golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 135 Race Street, Cincinnati, O.

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BY EMANUEL SWENDBORG.

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**RIDER'S DRUG STORE,**

IS DYER'S BRICK BLOCK.

STRICTLY PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, ETC. ALSO A FULL LINE OF CONFECTIONERY, TOILET AND FANCY GOODS.

Prescriptions compounded with accuracy by 46-lyr. S. F. RIDER, Pharmacist.

**HAMILTON, M. D.**

Office and residence at Mr. J. L. Buttolph's. Hours—1 to 2:30 p. m. Calls received before 8 a. m. and early evening.

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30 E. E. CHILDS, Prin., Springfield, Mass.

**Strayed or Stolen.**

From the barn of Mrs. Cota, at the paper-mill bridge, Middlebury, Wednesday night, a bay mare, 12 or 15 years old, of good size; has bay mare on right hind leg and is blind in left eye. Finder will be rewarded for turning the property to the subscriber or for information leading to its recovery.

FRANK JACK.

Middlebury, Feb. 15, 1890.